

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-
Product number	W0128
Synonyms; trade names	Allyl sulfide Diallyl sulfide Diallyl sulphide Thioallyl ether Allyl sulphide Diallylsulfide
CAS number	592-88-1
Recommended use of the chemic	al and restrictions on use
Application	Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
Details of the supplier of the safet	ty data sheet
Supplier	Synerzine 5340 Highway 42 Ellenwood, GA 30294 (404) 524-6744 info@synerzine.com
Contact Person	James Elliott
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone	INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (Reference Contract # 102471)
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance or	mixture
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Health hazards	Not Classified
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Label elements	
Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Precautionary statements	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
	P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.
	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

3. Composition/information on ingredients			
Substances			
Product name	1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-		
CAS number	592-88-1		
Chemical formula	C6H10S		
4. First-aid measures			
Description of first aid measures			
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.		
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.		
Skin Contact	Rinse with water.		
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.		
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.		
Most important symptoms and eff	ects, both acute and delayed		
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.		
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.		
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.		
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.		
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.		
Indication of immediate medical a	Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.		

5. Fire-fighting measures

5. Fire-lighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the s	ubstance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective e	equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for containing	nent and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapors may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, includ	ing any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
8. Exposure controls/Personal pro	otection
Ingredient comments	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
Ingredient comments Exposure controls	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
-	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
Exposure controls	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
Exposure controls	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s). Frovide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.
Exposure controls Protective equipment	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower
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Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

9. Physical and chemical properties		
Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Clear liquid.	
Color	Colorless to pale yellow.	
Odor	Sulfurous	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and range	138°C	
Flash point	113°F	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	xxx.x - (Air - 1.0)	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	Not available.	
Partition coefficient	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Explosive properties	Not available.	
Oxidizing properties	Not available.	
Molecular weight	xxx.xx g/mol	
10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing materials. Acids - oxidizing.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects	5
Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitization	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - sing	le exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repe	eated exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
·	
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.
12. Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Acute aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bio-Accumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
13. Disposal considerations	
13. Disposal considerations Waste treatment methods	
	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Waste treatment methods	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.
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Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods	 wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Do not cut or weld used containers unless
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Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods 14. Transport information General	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly cleaned internally.
Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods 14. Transport information General Road transport notes	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly cleaned internally. For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section. Not regulated.
Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods Isposal methods General General Road transport notes Rail transport notes	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Vapor from residual product may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Containers should be thoroughly cleaned internally. For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section. Not regulated.

UN No. (ICAO)	1993
UN No. (DOT)	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (TDG)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-)
Proper shipping name (DOT)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (1-Propene, 3,3'-thiobis-)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT hazard class	3
DOT hazard class DOT hazard label	3 3
DOT hazard label	3
DOT hazard label TDG class	3 3
DOT hazard label TDG class TDG label(s)	3 3 3

Transport labels



DOT transport labels



Packing group

TDG Packing Group	<i>III</i>
IMDG packing group	<i>III</i>
ICAO packing group	<i>III</i>
DOT packing group	<i>III</i>

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance *No.*

Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS *F-E, S-E*

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory References

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL NDSL

US - TSCA Present.

16. Other information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	11/30/2018
Revision	2
Supersedes date	8/9/2017
SDS No.	214
Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
End of Safety Data Sheet	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.